$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Exploring Fractions

(1)

$\frac{1}{5}$ of the area is___ square units
$\frac{2}{5}$ of the area is ___ square units $\frac{3}{5}$ of the area is ___ square units $\frac{4}{5}$ of the area is $\qquad$ square units
(3)


Area:
 sq units
$\frac{1}{8}$ of the area is $\qquad$ square units
$\frac{3}{8}$ of the area is $\qquad$ square units $\frac{6}{8}$ of the area is $\qquad$ square units
(5) Separate the group of stars into thirds.
___ stars are in $\frac{1}{3}$ of the group.
___ stars are in $\frac{2}{3}$ of the group.
___ stars are in $\frac{3}{3}$ of the group.
___ stars are in $\frac{4}{3}$ of the group.

2
 Perimeter: $\square$ units Area: $\square$ sq units
$\frac{1}{5}$ of the area is $\qquad$ square units $\frac{2}{5}$ of the area is $\qquad$ square units $\frac{3}{5}$ of the area is $\qquad$ square units $\frac{6}{5}$ of the area is $\qquad$ square units
(4)
 Perimeter: $\square$ units Area: $\square$ sq units
$\frac{1}{6}$ of the area is $\qquad$ square units $\frac{3}{6}$ of the area is $\qquad$ square units $\frac{5}{6}$ of the area is $\qquad$ square units
(6) Divide the segment into fourths.


If the line segment were 4 inches long, how long would $\frac{1}{4}$ of it be?


16 inches long, how long would $\frac{1}{4}$ of it be?
$\qquad$

## Exploring Fractions Greater than 1

## Try these problems. You can use pattern blocks if they help.

(1) If $R \quad$ is 5 , then what is $Y$ ?
(2) If $Y$ is 32 , then what is $R$ ? $\qquad$
(3) If $Y$ is 5 , then what is $R$ ? $\qquad$
(4) If $\mathbf{Y}$ is 6 , then what is $R$ ? -
(5) If $\mathbf{G}$ is $4 \frac{1}{2}$, then what is $\mathbf{B}$
(6) If $\mathbf{G}$ is 5 , then what is $R \quad$ ?
(7) If $\mathbf{R}$ is 1 , then what is $\mathbf{G}^{\mathbf{G} \text { ? }}$ $\qquad$
(8) If $\mathbf{Y}$ is 2 , then what is $\mathbf{G}$ ? $\qquad$
(2) If $Y$ is 3 , then what is $\frac{G G}{G}$ ? $-$
(10) If $\mathbf{B}$ is $1 \frac{1}{2}$, then what is

Y ? $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Exploring Fractions with Cuisenaire ${ }^{\text {® }}$ Rods

To complete the number sentences, refer to these Cuisenaire ${ }^{\circledR}$ Rods.

The yellow rod equals 1.

$\qquad$

## Reasoning about Cuisenaire ${ }^{\circledR}$ Rod Fractions

Nick's recipe for trail mix calls for:
1 c granola
$\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$ dried apricots
$\frac{2}{3}$ c sunflower seeds
$\frac{3}{4}$ c raisins
$\frac{1}{4}$ c chocolate chips
Nick decided to make one batch of trail mix. He looked to see if he had what he needed. This is what he found in his kitchen:
$\frac{9}{8}$ c granola
$\frac{4}{8} \mathrm{C}$ dried apricots
$\frac{1}{3}$ c sunflower seeds
$\frac{3}{8}$ c raisins
$\frac{1}{3}$ c chocolate chips
(1) Which ingredients does he NOT have enough of?
(2) With the ingredients that Nick already has, how much trail mix can he make?
(3) How much of each ingredient will Nick use?
(4) How much granola will Nick have left?
(5) Which other ingredients will Nick NOT use up completely?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Fractions of a Foot

Use an inch ruler to solve.

12 inches = 1 foot
1 yard = 3 feet
(1) $\frac{1}{2}$ foot $=$ $\qquad$ inches
(3) $\frac{1}{3}$ foot $=$ $\qquad$ inches

5 $\qquad$ foot $=5$ inches
(7) 1 yard $=$ $\qquad$ inches
(2) $\frac{1}{3}$ yard $=$ $\qquad$ inches
(11) ___ yard $=5$ inches (13) $\frac{1}{3}$ yard $+\frac{1}{6}$ yard $=$ $\qquad$ inches
(14) $\frac{1}{3}$ yard $+\frac{1}{2}$ yard $+\frac{1}{6}$ yard $=$ $\qquad$ inches
(8) $\frac{1}{2}$ yard $=\ldots$ inches
(10) $\qquad$
(12) $\quad$ yard $=24$ inches


- yard $=1$ inch
$\qquad$
6 $\qquad$ foot $=2$ inches
4
foot $=1$ inch
(2) $\frac{1}{4}$ foot $=$ $\qquad$ inches
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


## Comparing Fractions with One Half

Complete each fraction so that it equals $\frac{3}{4}$.


Use $<,>$, or $=$ to compare the fractions.

| (1) $\frac{1}{2}$ | (2) $\frac{2}{2}$ | (3) $\frac{3}{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (4) $\frac{7}{8}$ | (5) $\frac{1}{8}$ | (6) $\frac{6}{8}$ |
| (7) $\frac{7}{15}$ | 8 | - $\frac{8}{15}$ |

## Comparing Fractions

Draw two Cuisenaire ${ }^{\circledR}$ Rods to represent the fractions. In all of the problems, the orange rod is equal to 1. You can use Cuisenaire ${ }^{\circledR}$ Rods if you need help.

(2) $\frac{2}{4}$
(3) $\frac{9}{10}$
(4) $\frac{4}{5}$
(5) $\frac{12}{20}$
(6) $\frac{20}{50}$

## Finding Equivalent Fractions

## Use an inch ruler to solve.


(1) $\frac{1}{6}$ of a foot is__ inches. $\frac{2}{12}$ of a foot is also $\quad 2$ inches.

2 $\frac{2}{6}$ of a foot is inches. $\qquad$ of a foot is also $\qquad$ inches.
(3) $\frac{3}{6}$ of a foot is $\qquad$ inches. $\qquad$ of a foot is also $\qquad$ inches.
(4) $\frac{6}{6}$ of a foot is__ inches. $\qquad$ of a foot is also $\qquad$ inches.
(5) $\frac{7}{6}$ of a foot is inches. $\qquad$ of a foot is also $\qquad$ inches.
$\qquad$

## Making Equivalent Fractions

Complete the sentences.

$\qquad$

## Fractions in Measurement

Record the lengths of these lines.


Lengths:
A: $\qquad$ inches
C: $\qquad$ inches
E: $\qquad$ inches
B: $\qquad$ inches
D: $\qquad$ inches
F: $\qquad$ inches

Sums of lengths:
A and B : $\qquad$ inches
D and E : $\qquad$ inches
$B$ and $C$ : $\qquad$ inches
$E$ and $F$ : $\qquad$ inches

Differences between lengths:
$B$ and D: $\qquad$ inches
$E$ and $F$ : $\qquad$ inches

B and A: $\qquad$ inches

C and D: $\qquad$ inches
$\qquad$

## Modeling Addition of Fractions

Make $\frac{2}{3}$ in as many ways as you can. Record your number sentences below. Use the back of the page if you have ideas for more number sentences.

| $\frac{1}{3}$ | $\frac{1}{3}$ | $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |



